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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/552,910	10/13/2005	. Richard Kulak	60469-233: OT-5183	6900
V 1117	7590 04/04/200 ASKEY & OLDS		EXAMINER	
400 W MAPLE	E STE 350		COLON SANTANA, EDUARDO	
BIRMINGHAN	M, MI 48009		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2837	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MO	NTHS	04/04/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	•	Application No.	Applica	ant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/552,910	KULAK	KULAK ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Uni	t			
		Eduardo Colon Santai	na 2837				
Th Period for Re	e MAILING DATE of this communication app ply	ears on the cover she	et with the correspo	ndence address			
WHICHE  - Extensions after SIX (6  - If NO perio  - Failure to re Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY/ER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAY of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 ) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to exply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute exceived by the Office later than three months after the mailing ent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMM 36(a). In no event, however, m vill apply and will expire SIX (6), cause the application to become	UNICATION.  lay a reply be timely filed  MONTHS from the mailing me ABANDONED (35 U.S.	date of this communication. C. § 133).			
Status							
1) Res	ponsive to communication(s) filed on						
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Sinc	·—						
clos	ed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G.	213.			
Disposition o	of Claims						
4)⊠ Clai	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) (	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Clai	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Clai	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-10 and 13-19</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Clai	☑ Claim(s) <u>4,11 and 12</u> is/are objected to.						
8)☐ Clai	m(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement	<b>.</b>				
Application F	Papers						
9)⊠ The	specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>13 October 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)  objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) <b>☐</b> The	oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the atta	ched Office Action of	or form PTO-152.			
Priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1.	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3.[_	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
266 (	ne attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies	not received.				
		•					
Attachment(s)	References Cited (DTO 202)	4\ [] 1 <u>-</u> 4	riew Summary (PTO-413	21			
	References Cited (PTO-892) Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date				
3) X Informatio	n Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) s)/Mail Date <u>10/13/2005</u> .		e of Informal Patent App : <u>Detailed Action</u> .	Informal Patent Application			

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## DETAILED ACTION

#### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 10/13/2005 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) The invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 5-9 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jamieson et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,810,120.

Referring to claims 1 and 5, 7 and 9, Jamieson et al. discloses a roller guide assembly featuring a combination of a solenoid and an electromagnet for providing counterbalanced centering control (see all figures and respective portions of the specification). Further, Jamieson et al. discloses a roller guide device (100, Fig. 3) having at least one roller (110) adapted to guide an elevator car (12) along a guide rail (14, 16), in which a hardness is control by a damper (11, 13, Fig. 1 and 108, Fig. 5) that has selectively variable stiffness to dampen the relative movement of the roller by way of a magnetic field produce by a magnetic field generator (electromagnet 34, 36, Fig. 1;

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58, Fig. 2 and 150, Fig. 6) adjacent to the rollers (30, 32 Fig. 1). Furthermore, Jamieson et al. disclose a controller (20) that determines a condition of the elevator car (12) by sensor means (148, 150 and 180) to automatically control the stiffness of the dampers.

As to claims 6 and 13, Jamieson et al. discloses that a plurality of rollers (104, 106 and 110) are shown in figure 3, each having separately actuatable magnetic field generators (see Col. 4, line 52 to Col. 5, line 12).

Referring to claim 8, even though Jamieson et al. discloses an electromagnet (34, 36, Fig. 1); the use of permanent magnet is also readily available and well-known in the art.

As to claims 14, 15 and 19, Jamieson et al. disclose a controller (20) that determines a condition (vibration, speed, position) of the elevator car (12) by sensor means (148, 150 and 180) to automatically controlling the stiffness and dampening the relative movement of the roller by way of a magnetic field produce by the magnetic field generator.

As to claim 16, the method steps are inherent in the product structure of claim 1 and 9 above. Further discussion is omitted.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which

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said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 2, 3, 10, 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jamieson et al. in view of Fujita JP Patent No. 05116869 A.

Referring to claims 2, 3, 10 and 17, Jamieson et al. addresses all the limitations of claims 1, 9 and 16 above, in addition to disclosing that their dampers have either a spring in compression or tension (Col. 6, line 66 - Col. 7, line 7) in combination with a solenoid to provide coarse variable stiffness in combination with electromagnets for finer control. However, Jamieson et al. does not teach or describe having a roller guide assembly in which a membrane contains magnet-rheological fluid having a viscosity that changes responsive to the magnetic field. Nonetheless, Fujita discloses an elevator system, wherein a guide roller (10) is rotatably supported to make contact with a guide rail (3), in which the assembly includes a membrane (21) containing magnetic fluid (22) and an electromagnetic coil (23) to control the viscosity of the magnetic fluid (22).

Since Jamieson et al. and Fujita are in the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclosed by Fujita would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Jamieson et al.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a magnetic fluid having a variable viscosity as taught by Fujita within the teaching of Jamieson for the purpose/advantages of providing a greater range of selective damping for enhance rider comfort and simplicity.

As to claim 18, the methods steps are obvious in the product structure of claim 17 above. Additionally, Jamieson et al. discloses that a plurality of rollers (104, 106 and 110) are shown in figure 3, each having separately actuatable magnetic field generators, so the modification of varying the strength of the magnetic field in response to a fluid having a viscosity that changes as describe in claim 17 is obvious as stated above.

## Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 4, 11 and 12 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record in form 892 and not specifically relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure to further show the state of the art.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eduardo Colon Santana whose telephone number is (571) 272-2060. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday 6:30am - 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lincoln Donovan can be reached on (571) 272-2800 X.37. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. http://pairmore information about the PAIR system, see direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Eduardo Colon Santana

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Examiner

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ECS March 23, 2007

> LINCO/N DONOVAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER